



P4H Social Health Protection Network

Supporting countries on their way towards Universal Health Coverage

Martina Pellny P4H German Desk Bonn, GIZ **De-briefing of P4H mission**

Dushanbe, 10 December 2014







What is P4H?

A global support **NETWORK**

- for A COMMON and SPECIFIC GOAL: UHC/SHP
- with a focus on country support
- through a <u>broad mix</u> of key DPs and investors in UHC/SHP with different mandates, comparative strengths and sector affiliation



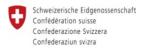












Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

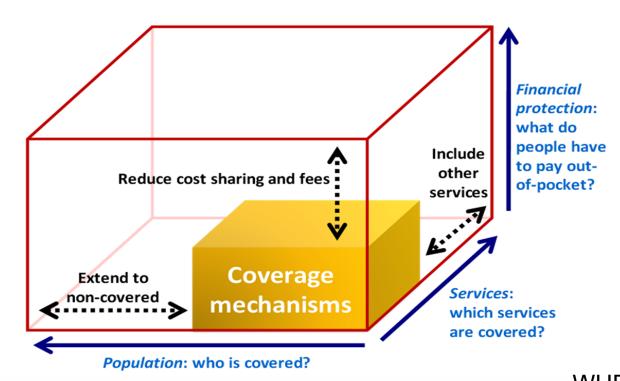








Theoretical approach: the 3 dimensions Towards universal coverage



WHR 2010







Global cornerstones for UHC/SHP

Challenge of MDGs

Option for way forward

> Universal Health Coverage (UHC)

2005 WHA resolution Universal

Health Coverage

2007 **G8** summit in Germany



2010 World Health

Report Launch in Berlin

2012 **UNGA** Resolution Global

Health & Foreign **Policy**

2015 **G7/8** summit in Germany

???

2005 Paris:
Aid effectiveness

2005 Accra:
Ownership, partnership
& results

2011 Busan: Capacity development





WHY P4H? The risk of poverty when falling sick

100 Million people are impoverished due to ill health every year

Ill health is the biggest risk for impoverishment worldwide

1 billion people lack effective access to medical services









WHY P4H?

Some challenges of development cooperation...

- Incoherence among and within development partners (DPs)
 - Support provided frequently fails to recognize the complexity of the issues
 - DPs providing conflicting messages, or following different approaches and agendas about equitable and efficient health financing
 - Resulting in often separate and uncoordinated work streams
- →Know what others are doing
- → Identify areas for collaboration and synergies







The P4H Network

- German-French initiative
- Bilateral resources
- Multilateral expertise
- One coordination desk



- Lean management structure using existing institutions
- P4H: joint action of at least two members





30 countries



P4H Country Portfolio (October 2014)

10/2014

Progress:

	4/2013	23 countries	
	4/2012	19 countries	
	4/2011	10 countries	
Africa	Benin, Burkina-Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Chad, DR Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Kenya, Madagascar, Mali, Mozambique, Niger, Senegal, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia		
Asia	Bangladesh, Cambodia, India, Indonesia, Kyrgyzstan, Lao PDR, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Tajikistan		
Latin America Caribean	Colombia, Haiti		
Middle East	Yemen		







Activities of the P4H sector project

Funded by BMZ/ Germany and co-funded by DEZA/ Schwitzerland Coordination

- Global Coordination of P4H (Coordination Desk post at WB)
 - P4H Long-term Coordinator in countries

 Technical training (Flagship Course on health systems and health financing)

 Training on Medicines for UHC

 Leadership for UHC training Capacity Development

Policy Support Short-term experts for specific studies or tasks
 Support to coordination processes, workshops etc







Impact of P4H

Linking bi- and multilateral resources

Leveraging bilateral resources

Visibility of all partners

<u>P4H Network</u> – the global network for UHC

Coordinated support

Multi-sectoral approach

Support from the global level







ISSUES - TRENDS INTERNATIONALLY

- Recognition that EQUITY will play growing role in development process (role of state and public resources)
- Danger of losing sight of overall UHC/SHP agenda in eagerness to harvest low hanging fruits (e.g. focus only on poor)
- Countries often get stuck after Strategies/ Roadmaps approved:
 - strategy not concrete enough; not costed
 - lack of leadership/champions to drive implementation process forward;
 - preference of incremental changes, while putting measures which require investments on the back burner;
 - political economy, e.g. silent dissent on some issues that are written in the strategy but some stakeholders are not sure about the risks; going back and forth on previously 'agreed' strategy issues.
- Increasing pressure on getting impact at country level







P4H activities in Tajikistan

- Initiating and co-funding of the Tajik WHO Flagship Course on health systems and health financing: 31 Mars – 3 April 2014
- Senior Policy Seminar: 4 April 2014
- Outcome: Health financing roadmap: Moving towards UHC in the Republic of Tajikistan
- Action Plan
- Support to JAR 2014







Mission TOR December 2014

- To assess further P4H support
- To advise the BMZ on a possible long-term P4H coordinator position

Meetings with:

- GIZ TJK (Jens Elsner, Evi Gruber, Manzura Mirsaidova), Swiss Cooperation (Mouzzamma Djamilova), European Delegation (Veronique Geoffroy), WHO TJK (Pavel Ursu, Baktygul Akkazieva, Lola Yuldasheva), KfW (Kristin Laabs), World Bank (Sarvinoz Barfieva), USAID (Manuchehr Goibov)
- MoEDT (Deputy Minister Negmatjon Buriev), MOHSPP (Advisor of the Minister Dilorom Sadikova, Head of the health finance department Saidali Hafizov, Head of the health policy unit), MoF (Deputy Minister Shavkat Sohibov)







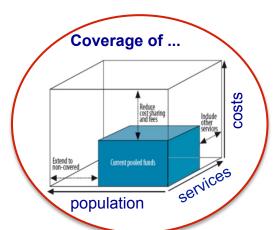
Observations and Topics

- Main vision of UHC in terms of what the country wants to achieve in

2020, 2030, 2050 missing in terms of:

population covered, BBP, OOPs
 (benchmarks/ political declaration)

- → Chance to clarify in the national development strategy 2016-30?
- 2. Private sector vs public sector
- 3. Main funding design: MHIF vs NHS and/or mixed system with geographical adjustments (per capita budgeting/ resource allocation)
- → CLEAR and TRANSPARENT messages to population and international partner community
- → Inter-sectoral issues/ overlapping benefits with social sector with regard to population groups (children, handicapped, poor, elderly)...









Observations and Topics

In-depth discussion and capacity building needed:

- → Role of private provider/ private health insurance (MoEDT)
- → Nation-wide roll out of BBP and role of co-payments (transparency and trust) vs resistance of national/ local stakeholders; costing of BBP and modelling of enhancement of BBP over time
- → Implications of MHIF (fiscal regulations, supervisory and regulatory mechanisms, purchaising capacities/ contracting, eligibility (formal and informal sector) monitoring of quality, employment status of health workers) vs implications of improving existing NHS system (role of RBF for quality improvement, per capita budgeting, change management, sustainability)
- → Application of per capita budgeting will allow to move away from line-item budgeting and over-capacities: first step or long term? (side-effect: not budget-neutral: will probably generate more funding for health (1% of GDP more than 0,2% as agreed earlier; fiscal space for MHIF?, overall 2,1% PHE to GDP low)
- → Pooling at oblast level vs existing 3 level fiscal budgeting system







Other ideas/ considerations:

- Piloting of BBP in Dushanbe for better monitoring and voice of population (critical mass that demand reform re OOPs)
- Cooperation between Sino project/ WB regarding quality indicators for RBF (9 indicators, in-built bias for retrained specialities)
- Cooperation of all partners engaged in training of providers (GIZ, JICA, DEZA, WHO, USAID, WB): towards a unified and standardised continous medical eduation
- Role of family doctors vs specialists: re-trained family doctors can not practice family medicine fully
- DCC health workgroup: more content-related exchange, regular meetings, same members on a long-term basis
- Mediation mechanisms between MoH/ MoF: making the role of WB more transparent for all partners?







Other ideas/ considerations:

- Mediation between stakeholders at oblast level also needed; oblast level needs to be included in national policy dialogue
- More capacity in budget formation/ MTEF needed inside MoH
- Future of health policy unit to be clarified: move to independent research institute? → P4H short term studies on specific topics?
- Advanced Flagship course on health financing/ special topics needed → P4H capacity development funding?
- Adapted elements of GIZ/ WB leadership course for TJK? → P4H capacity development funding?
- Role of international adviser for coordination of health financing issues needed (ceasing position of Baktygul): P4H
 - → Will also depend on EU service contract implementation, starting in September 2015







Proposal for a P4H long-term expert (TOR)

Further the political dialogue for UHC between ministries and international partners

- Co-chair of the interministerial health financing workgroup
- Member of the other sub-groups to advise between links of financing, service delivery, resource generation and governance
- Capacity development for involved ministries
- Close cooperation with the health policy unit of the MoH/ Institute
- Co-ordinator for all P4H local members on questions of health financing: resource person
- Support implementation of Roadmap and action plan







Proposal for a P4H long-term expert

Option A:

Intermediate (March to August 2015: SV P4H grant to WHO with WHO co-financing?; posting in WHO/ MoH)

Depending on EU project set-up:

Option B:

 Long-term P4H coordinator 2016-18: synergy effect with bilateral German health program: GIZ contracted, posting in GIZ/ MoH with close links to all P4H members

or

- Embedded P4H coordinator in upcoming EU project

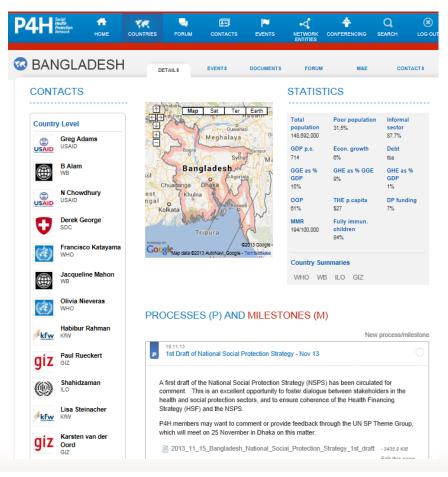






www.p4h-network.net











THANK YOU