Tools and Ideas for Coalition Building

June 25, 2014 Ceren Ozer, World Bank

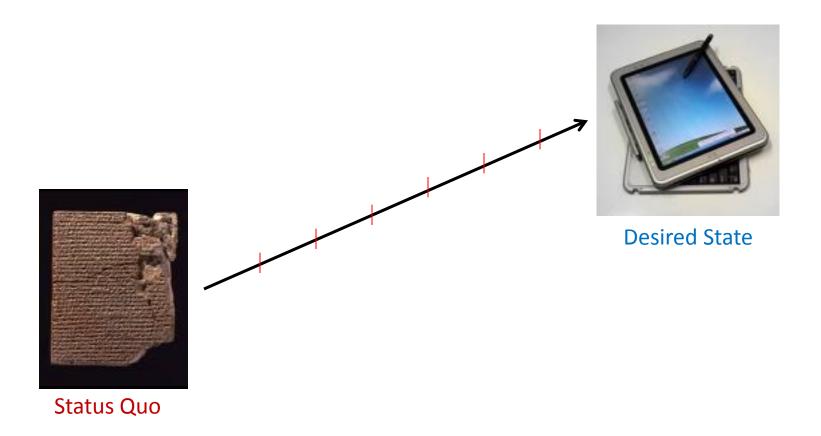
Leadership for Universal Health Coverage
A High-Level Program to Help Leaders Deliver Results
A collaborative Program by GIZ-WB-P4H

Pretoria, South Africa June 23-26, 2014

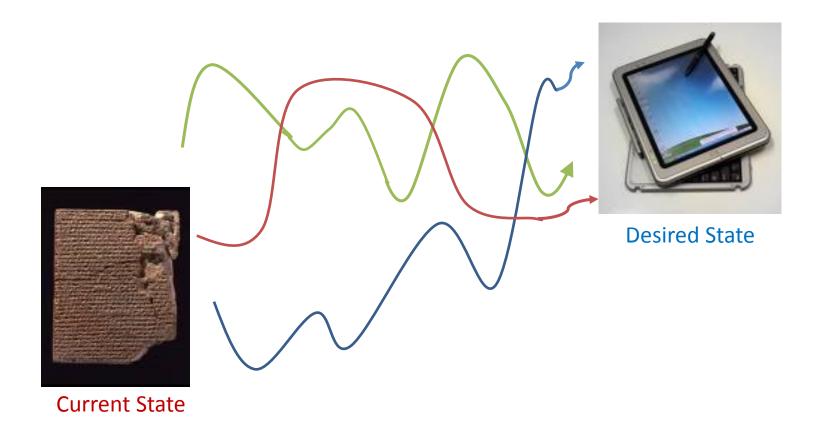
Results orientation

- 1. What is the population?
- 2. What is it we want for them that is different than how they are now?
- 3. What does it look like? What does it feel like?
- 4. How do we know we achieved it?

Change and Development



Change and Development



Research suggests that...

 Over two-thirds (67%) of major change initiatives fail to realize intended gains...

 Most often the challenges are around acceptance and adaptation of change.

The Challenge of Reform



A range of Relationships

- Independence—scarce resources pits one organization against other;
 winner take all
- Cooperation—used in the sense of enabling, as in donating a service or a resource to support. However, does not imply joint ownership of outcome
- Coordination—involves the direction and organization of people and work so that everything works together... there is some hierarchy implied. It's more than cooperation which is just providing...coordination implies some order and effort
- Collaboration—multiple partners the pursuit and maximization of individual goals will be subordinate to the pursuit and optimization of collective goals.

independent

interdependent

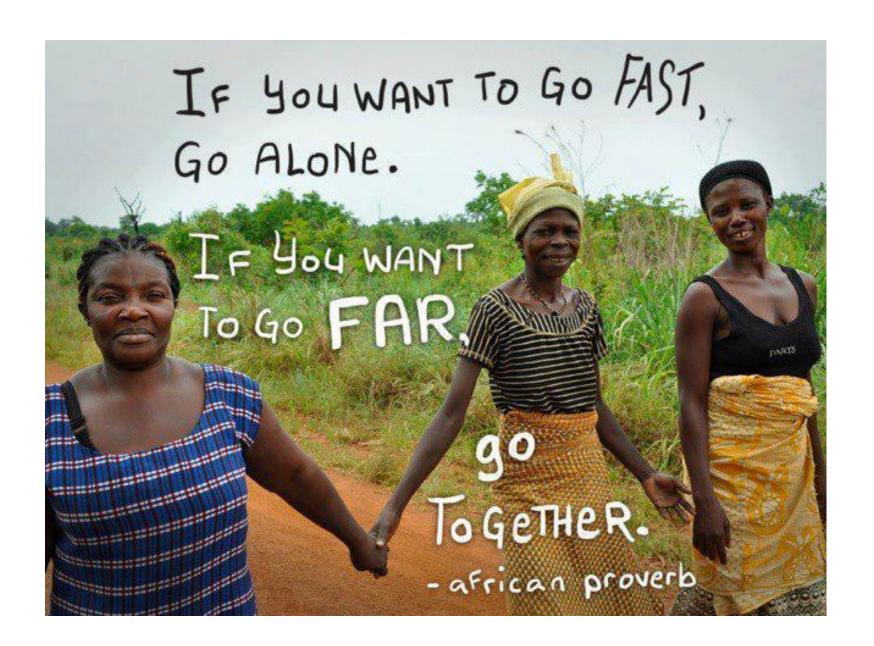
Collaboration

 A process through which parties who see different aspects of a problem can constructively explore their differences and search for solutions that go beyond their own limited vision of what is possible (Gray, 1989)

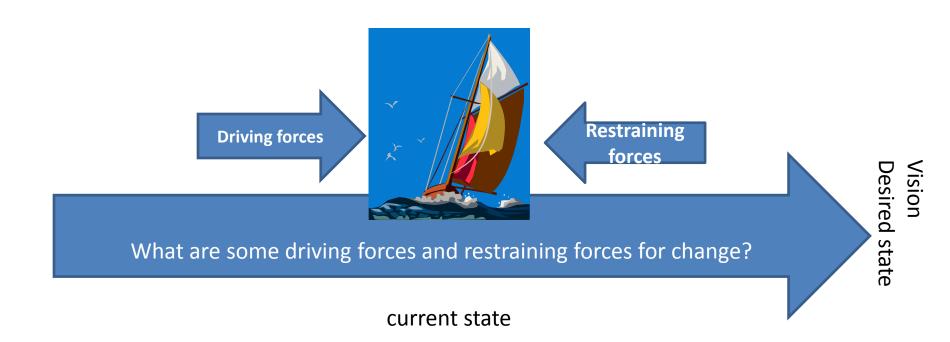
 A mutually beneficial relationship between two or more parties who work toward a common goals by sharing responsibility, authority, and accountability for achieving results (Chrislip &Larson)

Challenges of Collaborating

- Everyone struggles with collaboration—it means "giving up" what I want in order to get what we want
- The system is under-organized
- Power and leadership is diffuse
- How to proceed is uncertain and ambiguous
- Doing things collaboratively at first takes time



Force field: What are the key driving and restraining forces for change?



A stakeholder is anyone who can influence a change and/or anyone who is affected by the change (or thinks they are)

Who are stakeholders?

- Anyone that can affect what you are trying to achieve
- Anyone who can ruin your day...

Some key Stakeholder Related Questions

Who is involved?

How are they linked?

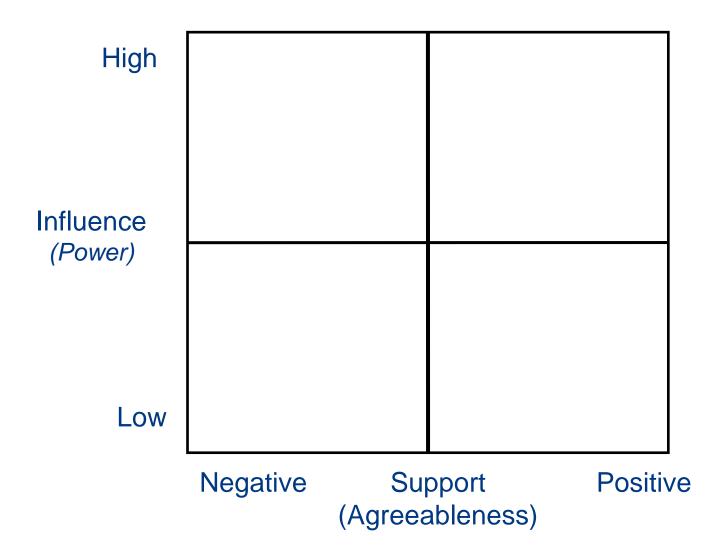
What do they want?

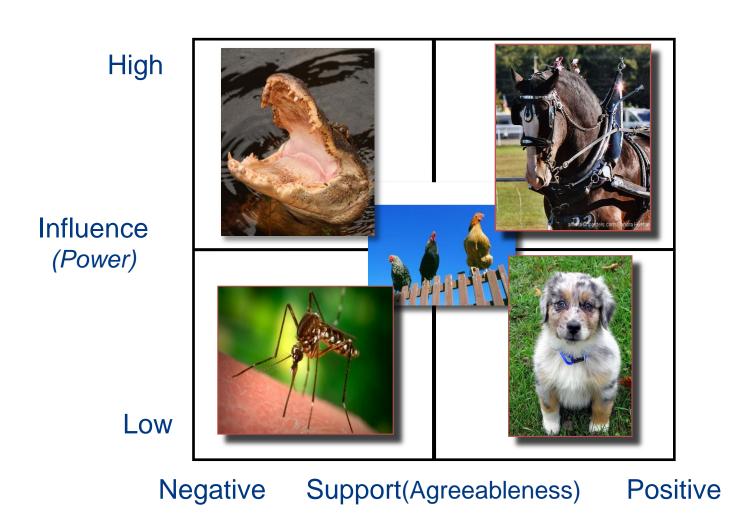
What is their influence?

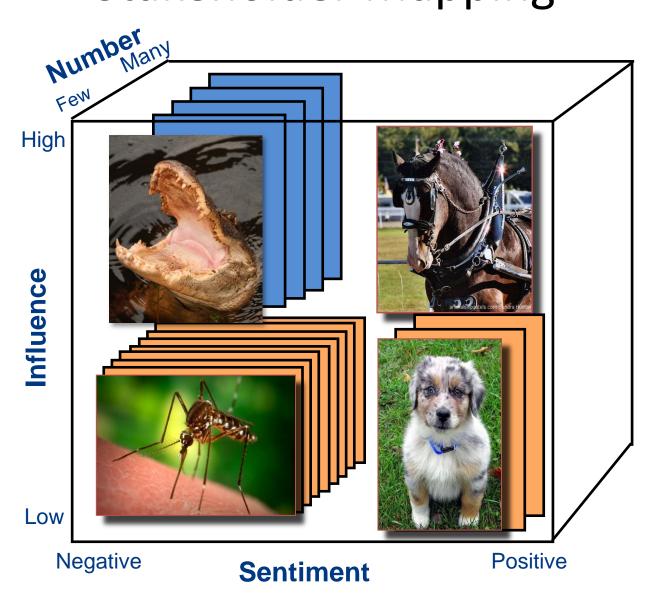
What are opportunities and constraints?

Do networks change over time?

What can we do?



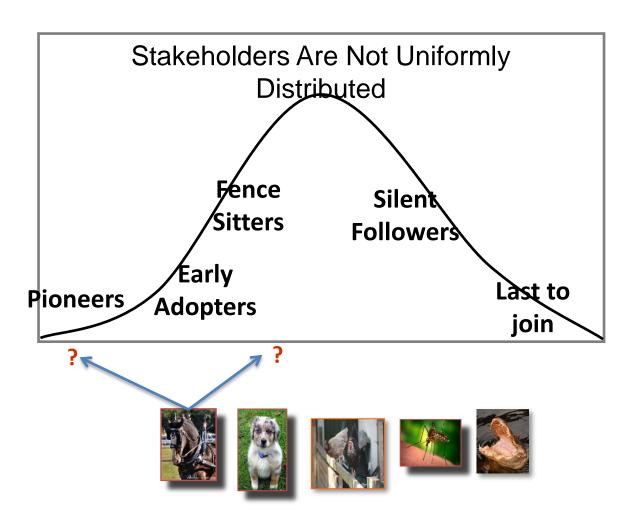




High **Powerful Resisters: Powerful Supports:** Reinforce and Co-opt or Marginalize. Leverage. Timing may matter. Do not take for granted. Influence (Power) **Weak Supporters: Weak Resisters:** Investigate and Involve and Understand. Strengthen. Don't over-Past is not future. estimate. Low

Negative

Support (Agreeableness) **Positive**



5 Is of Stakeholder Identification

Interest –Who has an interest in your issue or Project?

Involvement—Who is involved in the issue?

Impact—Who is impacted? Who can have impact?

Influence—Who has influence?

Interdependencies—What are the interdependencies among the influencers? Who are they connected to?

"Why should I work with you?"



"What's In It For Me?" (WIIFM?)

For each stakeholder:

- How do they view our change effort?
- What's the benefit/loss for them?
- What do you expect their state of mind to be at the point of engagement? Focused or unfocused attention?

Types of Communication Interventions?

Short exercise (in pairs)

Two general categories:

Advocacy

Using best arguments; appeals

Inquiry

Asking "Why?"
to understand
underlying
interests

Focus on Collective Action

Developing your messages based on:

Shared Purpose...

Rewards...

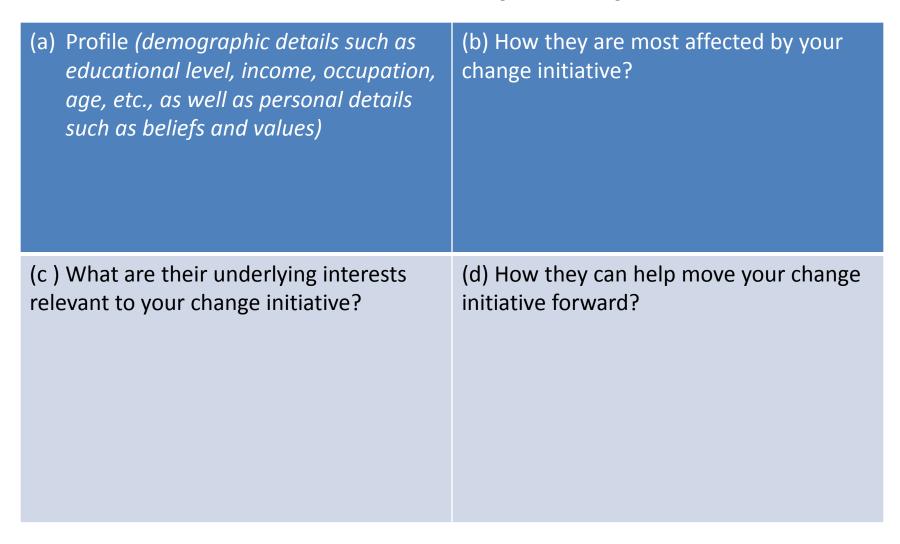


... a purposeful shift from "What's in it for me?" to "What's in it for us!"

Focus on Key Stakeholders (in groups)

- Select one of the key opponents from your stakeholder map:
- For this opponent, fill out the boxes with the following information:
 - (a) Profile: demographic and personal details;
 - (b) How are they most affected by your reform?;
 - (c) What are their underlying interests relevant to your reform?;
 - (d) How they can help move your reform forward?

A helpful process to understand and craft communication for each of your key stakeholders



What are key considerations while crafting your communication

- What should they remember from your message/intervention?
- What should they do?
- Why should they do it?
- **Your challenge: Can all this be summarized in a clear and simple sentence?**